# IMPLEMENTATION OF INTERPROFESSIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAM (IPE): SCOPING REVIEW

# <sup>a</sup>Suryanti, <sup>b\*</sup>ChablullahWibisono, <sup>c</sup>Ibrahim, <sup>d</sup>Malahayati

<sup>a,c, d</sup>Faculty of Medicine, University of Batam, <sup>a</sup> affiliation with Institute of Medical Education and Research, Faculty of Medicine, University of Indonesia, <sup>b\*</sup>Professor of Sharia Economics at Batam University,

#### **ABSTRACT**

The current landscape of healthcare service worldwide is determined by new emerging infectious diseases, the epidemiological transition from communicable disease into non-communicable disease, and climate, environmental, behavior, and demographic changes. Healthcare providers are supposed to work together to overcome it. The capability of team working skills and collaboration has become an essential pillar of healthcare service improvement. The author uses Preferred reporting Items for Systematic reviews and Meta-analyses (PRISMA) to conduct this scoping review. Initial searching at PubMed, Elsevier, and Google Scholar have identified 1358 articles. One thousand three hundred seven articles were excluded because of duplication, the discrepancy of articles title and content, and using other than English or Bahasa IndonesiaInterprofessional education programs can be implemented at various stages of medical education, both academic and clinical. Approaching strategies used varied in learning activities, duration of implementation, and topics presented.

**Keywords:** Implementation of Interprofessional Education Program, Scoping Review

#### I. INTRODUCTION

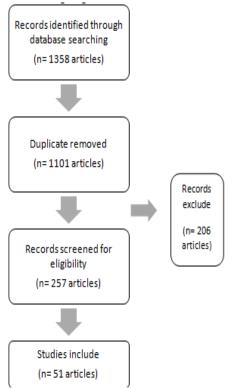
The current landscape of healthcare service worldwide is determined by new infectious diseases. emerging the from epidemiological transition communicable disease into noncommunicable disease, and climate, environmental, behavior, and demographic changes. Healthcare providers are supposed to work together to overcome it. The capability of team working skills and collaboration has become an essential pillar of healthcare service improvement.<sup>1</sup>

Interprofessional collaborative practice (IPCP) occurs when multiple health from workers different professional backgrounds provide a comprehensive service by working with patients, their families, carers, and the community to deliver the highest quality of care across settings.<sup>2</sup>Collaborative practice can improve access and coordination of healthcare service, effective use of resources, health outcome of chronic disease patients, patient care and safety, and communicable disease control.

Collaborative practice can decrease total patient complications, length of hospital stay, tension and conflict among staff caregivers, turnover, hospital clinical admissions, error rates, and mortality rates. In community mental health, collaborative practice can increase patient and carer satisfaction, promote greater acceptance of treatment, reduce the duration of treatment, reduce the cost of care, reduce the incidence of suicide, increase treatment for psychiatric disorders. and reduce outpatient visits. .3,4,5,6

#### II. METHOD

The author uses Preferred reporting Items for Systematic reviews and Meta-analyses (PRISMA) to conduct this scoping review. Initial searching at PubMed, Elsevier, and Google Scholar have identified 1358



Interprofessional education (IPE) is a strategic approach that can prepare future collaborative teamwork. Diane et al. stated that students trained using the IPE approach would tend to become members of interprofessional teams who show respect and a more positive attitude towards other professions and can work together better to improve patient outcomes.<sup>3</sup>

This article aims to provide an overview of the implementation of interprofessional education programs that have been implemented in various parts of the world.

articles. One thousand three hundred seven articles were excluded because of duplication, the discrepancy of articles title and content, and using English or Bahasa Indonesia.

#### III. RESULT

Based on analysis of various forms of IPE programs implemented in various parts of the world, it can be concluded that the characteristics of interprofessional education programs are as follows: (attachment)

#### 1. Purpose

In general, interprofessional education programs aim to improve communication, understanding, and collaboration between students of different health professions. This is aimed at preparing future collaboration interprofessional teams. Interprofessional education programs can also be training programs that aim to prepare trainers for IPE (training of trainers).

#### 2. Learning topics

The topics presented are varied, ranging from the introduction of education and interprofessional collaboration, patient safety, clinical context (e.g., collaborative chronic patient care), training of trainers, and public health service systems.

#### 3. Learning activities

Learning activities used in interprofessional education programs are varied and adapted to the context of interprofessional education learning, such as didactic, case-based discussions, simulations, role play, community projects.

#### 4. Duration

The length of time for the implementation of educational programs varies, ranging from the shortest 3 hours to 3 years. The program implementation duration depends on the program's scale (sessions or courses), the scope, and the learning activities used. In general, IPE programs that involve direct

interaction with patients or the community are held within two weeks or more.

#### 5. Evaluation

Evaluation can be carried out on the program implementation process or program achievements. Assessment of program achievement can be in evaluating student perceptions, the readiness of students and or teaching staff, and increasing collaboration competencies. The evaluation method can be done qualitatively or quantitatively using appropriate instruments.

#### IV. CONCLUSION

Interprofessional education programs can be implemented at various stages of medical education, both academic and clinical. Approaching strategies used varied in learning activities, duration of implementation, and topics presented.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Findyantini A, Kambey DR, Yusra RY, Timor AB, Khairani CD, Setyorini D, et al. Interprofessional collaborative practice in primary healthcare settings in Indonesia: A mixed-methods study. Journal of Interprofessional Education & Practice. 2019
- World Health
   Organization.Framework for Action
   on Interprofessional Education &
   Collaborative Practice. 2010
- 3. Bridges DR, Davidson RA, Odegard PS, Maki IV, and Tomkowiak J. Interprofessional collaboration: three best practice models of interprofessional education. Medical

- Education Online. 2011. Available from DOI: 10.3402/mo.v16i0.6035
- 4. Setiadi AP, Wibowo Y, Herawati F, Irawati S, Setiawan E, Presley B, contributing et.al. **Factors** to interprofessional collaboration in Indonesian health centres: A focus study. Journal of Education Interprofessional &Practice.2017. Available from http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.xjep.2017 .06.002
- 5. Packard K, Chahal H, Maio A, Furze J, Huggett K, Jensen G, et al. Interprofessional team reasoning framework as a tool for case analysis with health professions students: A randomized study. Journal of Research in Interprofessional Practice and Education.2012;2(3)
- 6. Ernawati DK. Collaborative competencies in the public health center in Indonesia: An explorative study. Journal of Interprofessional Education & Practice. 2020. Available from <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/j.xjep.2019.100299">https://doi.org/10.1016/j.xjep.2019.100299</a>
- 7. Singh J & Matthees B. Facilitating interprofessional education in an online environment during the COVID-19 pandemic: A mixed-method study. Healthcare.2021;9:567.
- 8. Suematsu M, Okumura K, Hida T, Takahashi N, Okazaki K, Fuchita E, et al. Students' perception of a hybrid interprofessional education course in a clinical diabetes setting: a

- qualitative study. Journal of Medical Education. 2021;12:195-204. Available from DOI: 10.5116/ijme.6165.59e0
- 9. Boet S, Bould MD, Burn CL, and Reeves S. Twelve tips for a successful interprofessional teambased high-fidelity simulation education session. Medical teacher. 2014;36:853-7
- 10. Colla J, Douglas A, Derek P, and Irmajean B. Renewal through team development: experiencing an emerging program design in interprofessional education for a healthcare professional. The Journal of Health Administration Education. 2011
- 11. Norsen L & Spillane LL. Partnering in interprofessional education to design simulation programs to promote collaboration and patient safety. Creative Nursing. 2012
- 12. Soliman SR, MacDowell M, Schriever AE, Glasser M, and Schoen MD. Instructional design and assessment; An interprofessional rural health education program. American Journal of Pharmaceutical Education. 2012
- 13. Slater BL, Lawton R, Armitage G, Bibby J, and Wright J. Training and action for patient safety: Embedding interprofessional education for patient safety within an improvement methodology. Journal of Continuing Education in Health Profession. 2012

- 14. MacRae N. Turf, team, and town: a geriatric interprofessional education program. 2012
- 15. Peluso MJ, Hafler JP, Sipsma H, and Cherlin E. Global health education programming as a model for interinstitutional collaboration in interprofessional health education. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2014.
- 16. Brenna CW, Olds MD, Dolansky M, Estrada CA, and Patrician PA. Learning by doing: observing an interprofessional process as an interprofessional team. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2014
- 17. Maeno T, Takayashiki A, Anme T, Tohno E, Maeno T, and Hara A. Japanese students' perception of their learning from an interprofessional education program; a qualitative study. International Journal of Medical Education. 2013;4:9-17
- 18. Opina-Tan LA. A pilot implementation of interprofessional education in a community-academic partnership in the Philippines. Education for Health. 2013;26(3):164-171
- 19. Mellor, Cottrell N, and Moran M.

  "Just working in a team was a great experience..."
  Students' perspectives on the learning experiences of an interprofessional education program. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2013:27:292-297

- 20. Virant-Young D, Forrest K. McCaskey S, Smith C, Saadeh C, Gudakunst J. et al. Faculty in interprofessional development education: designing implementing a successful program. International Association of Medical Science Educators. 2014; 24:410-4017
- 21. Hannigan NS, Takamiya K, and Nadal LL. I was sharing a piece of the PIIE: Program of International Interprofessional Education. Education. 2014.
- 22. Meche Ρ, Meyenberg CL, Douchamps L, Theubet A, and Emilien J. Design and implementation of an interprofessional education course for undergraduate students at the University of Applied Sciences Western Switzerland: the Geneva Journal of experience. Interprofessional Care. 2015: 29 (3): 279-280
- 23. Lawlis T, Wicks A, Jamieson M, Haughey A, and Grealish L. Interprofessional education in practice: evaluation of a work-integrated aged care program. Nurse Education in Practice. 2016; 16: 161-166
- 24. Tsakitzidis G, Timmermans O, Callewaert N, Truien S, Meulemans H, and Royen PV. Participant evaluation of an education module on interprofessional collaboration for students in healthcare studies. BMC Medical Education. 2015; 15:188

- 25. Arenson C, Umland E, Collins L, Kern SB, Hewston LA, Jerpbak C, et.al. The health mentors program: three years experience with longitudinal, patient-centered interprofessional education. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2015; 29 (2):138-143
- 26. Hunter JP, Stinson J, Campbell F, Steven B, Wagner SJ, Simmons B, et.al. A novel pain interprofessional education strategy for trainees: Assessing the impact on interprofessional competencies and pediatric pain knowledge. Pain Res Manag. 2015; 20(1): e12-e20
- 27. Darlow B, Coleman K, McKinlay E, Donovan S, Beckingsale L, Gray B, et.al. The positive impact of interprofessional education: a controlled trial to evaluate a program for health professional students. BMC Medical Education. 2015; 15-98
- 28. Castaneda G, Islam S, Stetten N, Black E, and Blue A. What is in it for me? Perspectives from community participants in an interprofessional service-learning program. Journal of Interprofessional Education & Practice. 2017; 6: 15-21
- 29. Hwang J, Yoon TY, Jin HJ, Park Y, Park JY, and Lee BJ. Patient safety competence for final-year health professional students: Perceptions of effectiveness of an interprofessional education course. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2016; 30(6): 732-738

- 30. Yang LY, Yang YY, Huang CC, Liang JF, Lee FY, Cheng HM, et al. Simulation-based interprofessional education to improve attitudes towards collaborative practice: a prospective comparative pilot study in Chinese medical center. BMJ Open. 2017;7: e015105
- 31. Cohen EV, Hagestuen R, Gonzales-Ramos G, Cohen HW, Bassich C, Book E, et al. Interprofessional education increases knowledge, promotes team building and changes practice in the care of Parkinson's disease. Parkinsonism dan Related Disorders. 2016; 22:21-27
- 32. Dumke EK, VanderWielen L, Harris KA, and Ford-Smith CD. Interprofessional education in an enrichment program for prospective health sciences students. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2016; 30(2): 245-247
- 33. Darlow B, Donovan S, Coleman K, McKinlay E, Beckingsale L, Gallagher P, et al. What makes an interprofessional education program meaningful to students? Finding from focus group interviews with students based in New Zealand. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2016; 30(3): 355-361
- 34. Wilson L, McNeill B, and Gillon GT. A comparison of interprofessional education programs in preparing prospective teachers and speech and language pathologists for collaborative language-literacy instruction. 2016.

- 35. LeFlore J, Bond ML. Anderson M, Baxley S, and Diaz DA. Interprofessional education: graduate student's perspectives. Journal of research in Interprofessional Practice and Education. 2017
- 36. Akhtar E, Ghassemi, and Fabus R. An interprofessional education pilot study for nursing and speech-language pathology students. Iranian Journal of Nursing and Midwifery Research. 2017
- 37. Wong AKC, Wong FKY, Chan LK, Chan N, Ganotice FA, and Ho J. The effect of interprofessional teambased learning among nursing students: a quasi-experimental study. Nurse Education Today. 2017; 53:\*\*\*
- Hapsari ED, 38. Prihatiningsih TS, Helmiyati S, and Ananda AJN. A lesson learned: Implementation of interprofessional education in disaster management at Faculty of Medicine Universitas Gadjah Mada, Journal Indonesia. of Interprofessional Education and Practice. 2017; 9:121-125
- 39. Driel MLV, McGuire TM, Stark R, Lazure P, Garcia T, and Sullivan L. Learnings and challenges to deploying an interprofessional & independent medical education program to a new audience. Journal of European CME. 2017.
- 40. Nagge JJ. Evaluation of a unique interprofessional education program involving medical and pharmacy

- students. American Journal of Pharmaceutical Education. 2017.
- 41. Stubbs C, Schorn MN, Leavell JP, Espiritu EW, Davis G, Gentry CK, et al. Implementing and evaluation a community-based, inter-institutional, interprofessional education pilot program. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2017; 31(5): 652-655
- 42. McManus K, Shannon K, Rhodes DL, Edgar JD, and Cox C. An interprofessional education program's impact on attitudes toward and desire to work with the older adult. Education for Health. 2017.
- 43. Haney TS, Kott K, Rutledge CM, Britton B, Fowler CN, and Postin RD. How to prepare interprofessional teams in two weeks: an innovative education nested in program telehealth. International Journal of Nursing Educational Scholarship. 2018
- 44. Lochner L, Girardi S, Pavcovich A, Meier H, Mantovan F, and Ausserhofer D. Applying interprofessional team-based learning in patient safety: a pilot evaluation study. BMC Medical Education. 2018;18:48
- 45. Farra A, Zeenny R, Nasser S, Asmar N, Milane A, Bassil M, et al. Implementing an interprofessional education program in Lebanon: overcoming challenges. J. 2018;24(9)
- 46. McDevitt S and Vassi P. Evaluation of a pilot interprofessional education program for eating disorder training

- in mental health services. Irish Journal of Psychological Medicine. 2018;35:289-299
- 47. Herrera ELW, Ables AZ, Martin C, and Ochs SD. Development and implementation of an interprofessional education certificate program in a community-based osteopathic medical school. Journal of Interprofessional Education and Practice. 2019; 14:30-38
- 48. Kristina TN, Sudaryanto S, Asmara FY, Nuryanto N, Wirakusumah F, and Syukriani Y. Community-based health-professions interprofessional education: A collaborative and sustainable model. Jurnal Pendidikan Indonesia. 2018; 7(1): 36-43
- 49. Waller S and Nestel D. Interprofessional simulation in a student community clinic: insights from an educational framework and contact theory. Advances in Simulation. 2019; 4(Suppl1): 21
- 50. Averill MM, Dillon-Sumner L, Stergachis A, Sconyers J, Summerside N, Brazg T, et al. Integrating public health students into interprofessional education. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2020; 34(3): 427-430
- 51. Nwaesei AS, Jacob BC, Peasah SK, Perkins JJ, and Hogan M. A structured approach to intentional interprofessional experiential education at a non-academic community hospital. American

- Journal of Pharmaceutical Education. 2019
- 52. Randi ABT, Widyandana W, and Claramita M. IPE-COM: a pilot study on interprofessional learning design for medical and midwifery students. Journal of Multidisciplinary Healthcare. 2019; 12:767-775
- 53. Smith CJ, Matthias T, Beam E, Wampler K, Pounds L, Nickol D, et al. Innovations in medical education: a mixed-methods evaluation of medical residents' attitude toward interprofessional learning and stereotypes following sonography student-led point-of-care ultrasound training. JGIM. 2019; 35(10): 3081-6
- 54. Gibbons G, Baron C, Scotten M, Collins L, and Sicks S. Integrating a large-scale interprofessional student program to address patients with complex needs. Journal of Interprofessional Education and Practice. 2019; 16.
- 55. Hamada S, Haruta J, Maeno T, Maeno T, Suzuki H, Takayashiki A, et al. effectiveness of an interprofessional education program using team-based learning for medical students: a randomized controlled trial. Journal of General and Family Medicine. 2019.
- 56. Kumar, S. (2022). Strategic management of carbon footprint using carbon collectible non-fungible tokens (NFTS) on blockchain.

  Academy of Strategic Management Journal, 21(S3), 1-10

- 57. Kumar, S. (2021). Review of geothermal energy as an alternate energy source for Bitcoin mining.

  Journal of Economics and Economic Education Research, 23(1), 1-12
- 58. Roy, V., Shukla, P. K., Gupta, A. K., Goel, V., Shukla, P. K., & Shukla, S. (2021). Taxonomy on EEG Artifacts Removal Methods, Issues, and Healthcare Applications. Journal of Organizational and End User Computing (JOEUC), 33(1), 19-46. <a href="http://doi.org/10.4018/JOEUC.2021010102">http://doi.org/10.4018/JOEUC.2021010102</a>
- 59. Shukla Prashant Kumar, Sandhu Jasminder Kaur, Ahirwar Anamika, Ghai Deepika, MaheshwaryPriti, Shukla Piyush Kumar (2021). Multiobjective Genetic Algorithm and Convolutional Neural Network Based COVID-19 Identification in Chest X-Ray Images, Mathematical Problems in Engineering, vol. 2021, Article ID 7804540, 9 pages.

### https://doi.org/10.1155/2021/780454 0

- 60. Yu J, Lee W, Kim M, Choi S, Lee S, Kim S, et al. effectiveness of simulation-based interprofessional education for the medical and nursing student in South Korea: a pre-post survey. BMC Medical Education. 2020;20: 476
- 61. Slater N, VandeWaa E, Bydalek K, and McAdams E. Building better outcomes through patient interprofessional collaboration: standardized patient experience with pharmacy, nursing, and physician assistant students. Journal of Interprofessional Education and Practice. 2021
- 62. Jones TA, Vidal G, and Taylor C. Interprofessional education during the COVID-19 pandemic: finding the good in a bad situation. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2020;34(5):633-646.

# Table Recapitulation of IPE program implementation

No	Title	Yea	Count	Setting			Program
		r	ry		Approac h	Duration	Result
1	Renewal through team development: experiencing an emerging program design in interprofessional education for healthcare professional From: Colla J, et al. Renewal through team development: experiencing an emerging program design in interprofessional education for a healthcare professional. The Journal of Health Administration Education. 2011	2011	Americ a	Healthcare profession al	Project- based	Eight months	The IPE program was generally well perceived by the trainees, although there were some special notes for further improvement
2	Partnering in interprofessional education to design simulation program to promote collaboration and patient safety From: Norsen L & Spillane LL. Partnering in interprofessional education to design simulation programs to promote collaboration and patient safety. Creative Nursing. 2012	2012	USA	Postgradu ate, clinic	Teambased simulation	40 minutes for each simulation case simulation (25 minutes for debriefing	IPE is an excellent event to share knowledge between professionals with different backgrounds

3	Instructional design and assessment; An interprofessional rural health education program From: Suzanne R et al. Instructional design and assessment; An interprofessional rural health education program. American Journal of Pharmaceutical Education. 2012	2012	Americ a	Undergrad uate	Lecture & assignme nt, workplac e	One year	The rural health professions program is one form of the IPE approach to preparing health practitioners to work in rural communities
4	Training and action for patient safety: Embedding interprofessional education for patient safety within an improvement methodology From: Slater BL et al. training and action for patient safety: Embedding interprofessional education within an improvement methodology. Journal of Continuing Education in Health Profession. 2012	2012	Europe	Health profession al	Workpla ce & team- based	20 weeks	8 of the 11 teams involved showed improvement in patient safety
5	Turf, team, and town: a geriatric interprofessional education program MacRae N. Turf, team, and town: a geriatric interprofessional education program. 2012	2012	Americ a	Undergrad uate	Teambased learning, interaction with the patient	One semester	Participants and institutions get a clearer picture of the roles and responsibilities of other professions, the contribution of the profession to the elderly and the perception of the elderly, and their contribution to the community

6	Global health education programming as a model for inter-institutional collaboration in interprofessional health education From: Peluso MJ et al. Global health education programming as a model for inter-institutional collaboration in interprofessional health education. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2014.	2013	USA	Undergrad uate	Discussi on-based	Four weeks	IPE within Global Health is an important interprofessional collaboration learning opportunity. This program is recognized to prepare future interprofessional collaboration teams and is beneficial for teaching staff and students involved in its design and implementation.
7	Learning by doing: observing an interprofessional process as an interprofessional team From: Brenna CW et al. Learning by doing: observing an interprofessional process as an interprofessional team. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2014	2013	USA	Health profession al	Apprenti	One year	Participants provide positive and negative feedback on team functions, interprofessional understanding, microsystem knowledge, and the challenges of the division of responsibilities.
8	Japanese students' perception of their learning from an interprofessional education program; a qualitative study From: Maeno T, et.al. Japanese students' perception of their learning from an interprofessional education program; a qualitative study. International Journal of Medical Education. 2013;4:9-17	2013	Asia	Undergrad uate	Problem- based learning	One week	The IPE program is believed to help increase students' understanding of interprofessional collaboration.  Although the Japanese health care system is different from the western health care system, it is believed that there is no significant difference between the two.

9	A pilot implementation of interprofessional education in a community-academic partnership in the Philippines From: Opina-Tan LA. A pilot implementation of interprofessional education in a community-academic partnership in the Philippines. Education for Health. 2013;26(3):164-171	2013	Asia	Undergrad uate	Commun ity-based	6-8 weeks	Students get a good experience in learning collaboration, appreciation of roles & responsibilities, holistic care, community service, and unique learning experiences.
1 0	"Just working in a team was a great experience"- Students' perspectives on the learning experiences of an interprofessional education program.  From Mellor R, et al. "Just working in a team was a great experience"- Students' perspectives on the learning experiences of an interprofessional education program.  Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2013:27:292-297	2013	Austral	Student	Roleplay , simulatio n	Four weeks	Students stated that by studying and understanding the role and contribution of each health profession, they could increase students' perspectives on health services and increase their sense of self-worth and professional self-esteem.
1	Faculty development in interprofessional education: designing and implementing a successful program  From: Virant-Young D et al. Faculty development in interprofessional education: designing and implementing a successful program. International Association of Medical Science Educators.	2014	Americ a	Undergrad uate, clinic	Didactic, group discussio n	Nine months	Students show a positive perception of IPE

## 2014; 24:410-4017

1 2	Sharing a piece of the PIIE: Program of International Interprofessional Education From: Hannigan NS et al. I was Sharing a PIIE: Program of International Interprofessional Education. Educational Innovation. 2014.	2014	Americ a	Undergrad uate	Webinar	One day	Students show a positive response to the webinar, especially to the technology and case-based approach used and the benefits derived from disease reviews and interprofessional collaboration.
1 3	Design and implementation of an interprofessional education course for undergraduate students at the University of Applied Sciences Western Switzerland: the Geneva experience From: Meche P et al. design and implementation of an interprofessional education course for undergraduate students at the University of Applied Sciences Western Switzerland: the Geneva experience. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2015: 29 (3): 279-280	2015	Europe	Undergrad	Classroo m-based, simulatio n	One year	
1 4	Interprofessional education in practice: evaluation of a work-integrated aged care program From Lawlis T, et al. Interprofessional education in practice: evaluation of a work-integrated aged care program. Nurse	2015	Austral ia	Undergrad uate, workplace	Workpla ce-based	Three weeks	There is an increase in the ability of students to learn and work in interprofessional teams and gerontic services

	Education in Practice. 2016; 16: 161-166						
1 5	Participant evaluation of an education module on interprofessional collaboration for students in healthcare studies From: Tsakitzidis G et al. Participant evaluation of an education module on interprofessional collaboration for students in healthcare studies. BMC Medical Education. 2015; 15:188	2015	Europe	Undergrad	Classroo m-based, discussio n, reflectio n	Five days	Generally, it can be said that the module's objectives are achieved. More than 80% of module participants believe that Interprofessional collaboration in Health Care increases knowledge and understanding of the profession and problem-solving. However, only less than 60% of the participants showed a change in attitude towards other professions after joining the program.
1 6	The health mentors program: three years experience with longitudinal, patient-centered interprofessional education From: Arenson C, et.al. The health mentors program: three years experience with longitudinal, patient-centered interprofessional education. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2015; 29 (2):138-143	2015	USA	Undergrad	Clinic, team- based	Six months	Program participants show a positive attitude towards IPE and last more than two years
1	A novel pain interprofessional education	2015	Americ	Health	Workpla	Five	The Pain IPE program is a successful

7	strategy for trainees: Assessing the impact on interprofessional competencies and pediatric pain knowledge From: Hunter JP, et.al. A novel pain interprofessional education strategy for trainees: Assessing the impact on interprofessional competencies and pediatric pain knowledge. Pain Res Manag. 2015; 20(1): e12-e20		a	profession al	ce-based	weeks	collaborative learning model in clinical settings to achieve interprofessional competence.
1 8	The positive impact of interprofessional education: a controlled trial to evaluate a program for health professional students. From: Darlow B, et.al. The positive impact of interprofessional education: a controlled trial to evaluate a program for health professional students. BMC Medical Education. 2015; 15-98	2015	Austral	Undergrad uate	Didactic, discussio n, interactio n with the patient	11 hours	This 11-hours IPE program can improve attitudes towards interprofessional teams and interprofessional learning.
1 9	What is in it for me? Perspectives from community participants in an interprofessional service-learning program From: Castaneda G et al. What is in it for me? Perspectives from community participants in an interprofessional service-learning program. Journal of Interprofessional Education & Practice. 2017; 6: 15-21	2016	Americ a	Undergrad	Commun ity-based	One year	All participants reported positive results regarding wellness thanks to the social support construct (informational support, emotional support, friendship, and concrete support).  Participants with low socioeconomic status need more excellent information support and access to health. In contrast, participants with

high socioeconomic status are more likely to build social relationships with students.

2 0	Patient safety competence for final-year health professional students: Perceptions of effectiveness of an interprofessional education course From: Hwang J et al. Patient safety competence for final-year health professional students: Perceptions of effectiveness of an interprofessional education course. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2016; 30(6): 732-738	2016	Asia	Undergrad uate	Didactic, case- based scenario	One day	IPE safety training increases the perception of patient safety competency
2 1	Simulation-based interprofessional education to improve attitudes towards collaborative practice: a prospective comparative pilot study in Chinese medical center  From: Yang LY, et al. Simulation-based interprofessional education to improve attitudes towards collaborative practice: a prospective comparative pilot study in Chinese medical center. BMJ Open. 2017;7: e015105	2016	Asian	Clinic	Simulati on-based	7 hours	IPE simulation program improves IPC attitude, self-reflection, workplace transfer, and practice of the learned skills of participants (pharmacies, doctors, and nurses).

2 2	Interprofessional education increases knowledge, promotes team building, and changes practice in the care of Parkinson's disease.  From: Cohen EV, et al. Interprofessional education increases knowledge, promotes team building, and changes practice in the care of Parkinson's disease. Parkinsonism dan Related Disorders. 2016; 22:21-27	2016	Americ a	The clinic, health profession al	Team- based care training	1 -26 days	The National Parkinson Foundation-Allied Team training for Parkinson (NPF-ATTP) program has been shown to positively impact increasing knowledge of Parkinson's disease, team strategies, roles & responsibilities of other professions, teamwork, and service delivery.
2 3	Interprofessional education in an enrichment program for prospective health sciences students From: Dumke EK et al. Interprofessional education in an enrichment program for prospective health sciences students.  Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2016; 30(2): 245-247	2016	Americ a	Undergrad uate	Case- based study, hands-on practice	Six weeks	The training participants showed a better attitude towards the interprofessional team in the post-assessment session
2 4	What makes an interprofessional education program meaningful to students? Finding from focus group interviews with students based in New Zealand.  From: Darlow B et al. What makes an interprofessional education program meaningful to students? Finding from focus group interviews with students based in New Zealand. Journal of	2016	Austral ia	Undergrad	Case- based discussio n	11 hours	Interaction with other professionals and patients is the main focus of student attention.

	Interprofessional Care. 2016; 30(3): 355-361						
2 5	A comparison of interprofessional education programs in preparing prospective teachers and speech and language pathologists for collaborative language-literacy instruction  From: Wilson L, et.al. A comparison of interprofessional education programs in preparing prospective teachers and speech and language pathologists for collaborative language-literacy instruction. 2016.	2016	Austral	undergrad uate	Case- based instructio nal	3 hours	A comparison of interprofessional education programs in preparing prospective teachers and speech and language pathologists for collaborative language-literacy instruction
2 6	Interprofessional education: graduate student's perspectives From: LeFlore J et al. Interprofessional education: graduate student's perspectives. Journal of research in Interprofessional Practice and Education. 2017;7 (1).	2017	USA	Postgradu ate	Didactic, simulate d case- based	Two semesters	
2 7	An interprofessional education pilot study for nursing and speech-language pathology students  From: Akhtar E et al. An interprofessional education pilot study for nursing and speech-language pathology students.  Iranian Journal of Nursing and Midwifery	2017	USA	Undergrad uate	Didactic	2 hours	Interprofessional learning is proven to be effective in increasing interprofessional collaboration in dealing with dysphagia patients

Research. 2017

2 8	The effect of interprofessional team-based learning among nursing students: a quasi-experimental study From: Wong AKC, et.al. The effect of interprofessional team-based learning among nursing students: a quasi-experimental study. Nurse Education Today. 2017; 53:	2017	Asia	Undergrad	Course, team- based learning	Half-day	Participants demonstrated increased knowledge, IPE attitudes, team learning, and group effectiveness.
2 9	A lesson learned: Implementation of interprofessional education in disaster management at Faculty of Medicine Universitas Gadjah Mada, Indonesia. From: Prihatiningsih TS, et.al. A lesson learned: Implementation of interprofessional education in disaster management at Faculty of Medicine Universitas Gadjah Mada, Indonesia. Journal of Interprofessional Education and Practice. 2017; 9:121-125	2017	Asia	Undergrad uate	Lecture, case study, discussio n, laborator y skills	Three weeks	The disaster emergency management module delivered through the IPE approach has been proven to effectively improve knowledge, communication skills, and collaboration among students
3 0	Patient safety interprofessional training for medical, nursing, & pharmacy students From: Gill AC et al. Learnings and challenges to deploying an	2017	Americ a	Undergrad uate	Case- based discussio n	1,5 hours	IPE workshops in the context of patient safety are effective in increasing awareness and knowledge of the roles and responsibilities of

	interprofessional & independent medical education program to a new audience. The Journal of Teaching and Learning Resources. 2017;13:10595						other professions and the possibility of potential communication errors.
3 1	Learnings and challenges to deploying an interprofessional & independent medical education program to a new audience From: Driel MLV et al. Learnings and challenges to deploying an interprofessional & independent medical education program to a new audience. Journal of European CME. 2017.	2017	Austral	Health profession	Worksho p, case- based discussio n, workplac e	6 hours	Overall the response to the IPE program has been positive. The program's objectives are achieved, and the learning needs of program participants are met.  Students feel an increase in knowledge and confidence, especially in diagnosing and identifying patients at risk of suffering from Medication Overuse Headache (MOH).
3 2	Evaluation of a unique interprofessional education program involving medical and pharmacy students From: Nagge JJ. Evaluation of a unique interprofessional education program involving medical and pharmacy students. American Journal of Pharmaceutical Education. 2017.	2017	Americ a	Undergrad uate	Case- based discussio n	Half days	The Health-care Interprofessional Education Day (HIPED) program is a practical approach to providing IPE experiences (collaboration, roles & responsibilities, and collaborative practice/ family-centered approach categories)
3	Implementing and evaluating a community-based, inter-institutional,	2017	Americ a	Undergrad uate	Commun ity-based	Six months	Students feel comfortable and meaningful when working with other

interprofessional education pilot program

From: Stubbs C et al. Implementing and

evaluation a community-based, inter-

	institutional, interprofessional education pilot program. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2017; 31(5): 652-655						determinants that affect health status.
3 4	An interprofessional education program's impact on attitudes toward and desire to work with older adult From: McManus K et al. An interprofessional education program's impact on attitudes toward and desire to work with the older adult. Education for Health. 2017.	2017	Americ a	Undergrad uate	Commun ity-based	One semester	Exposure with elderly increases interest in working with them
3 5	How to prepare interprofessional teams in two weeks: an innovative education program nested in telehealth From: Haney TS et al. How to prepare interprofessional teams in two weeks: an innovative education program nested in telehealth. International Journal of Nursing Educational Scholarship. 2018	2018	USA	Undergrad uate	Project- based	Two weeks	IPE combined with telehealth enhances interprofessional knowledge and skills
3 6	Applying interprofessional team-based learning in patient safety: a pilot evaluation study From: Lochner L et al. Applying	2018	Europe	Undergrad uate	Team- based learning	Three days	Students can well receive Teambased learning. TBL IPE is an excellent pedagogical learning method to achieve learning

parties. The advantage of this

program is that it can increase

students' understanding of social

	interprofessional team-based learning in patient safety: a pilot evaluation study. BMC Medical Education. 2018; 18:48						objectives in the context of patient safety.
3 7	Implementing an interprofessional education program in Lebanon: overcoming challenges From: Farra A et al. Implementing an interprofessional education program in Lebanon: overcoming challenges. J. 2018;24(9)	2018	Asia	Undergrad uate	Worksho p, didactic	5,5 days	The challenges of designing and implementing an IPE program are similar to other programs (curriculum, leadership, resources, stereotypes, student characteristics, IPE concepts, learning, enthusiasm, professional jargon, and accreditation level).
3 8	Evaluation of a pilot interprofessional education program for eating disorder training in mental health services From: McDevitt S and Vassi P. Evaluation of a pilot interprofessional education program for eating disorder training in mental health services. Irish Journal of Psychological Medicine. 2018;35:289-299	2018	Europe	Health profession als	Case- based learning	Four months	IPE with a case-based learning approach is an effective learning method and can be accepted by students. This program also positively impacts knowledge, clinical behavior, and the services provided.
3 9	Development and implementation of an interprofessional education certificate program in a community-based osteopathic medical school From: Herrera ELW et al. Development and implementation of an interprofessional	2018	Americ a	Undergrad uate	Commun ity-based	Three years	In the preliminary study, it was found that there was a more positive attitude change towards interprofessionalism.

education certificate program in a community-based osteopathic medical school. Journal of Interprofessional Education and Practice. 2019; 14:30-38

4 0	Community-based health-professions interprofessional education: A collaborative and sustainable model From: Kristina TN et al. Community-based health-professions interprofessional education: A collaborative and sustainable model. Jurnal Pendidikan Indonesia. 2018; 7(1): 36-43	2018	Asia	Undergrad	Commun ity-based	One semester	The community-based IPE model is recommended for students who already have sufficient competence to be applied in the community (semester 6). Further study and validation of the model still need to be done after implementation.
4 1	Interprofessional simulation in a student community clinic: insights from an educational framework and contact theory From: Waller S and Nestel D.  Interprofessional simulation in a student community clinic: insights from an educational framework and contact theory.  Advances in Simulation. 2019; 4(Suppl1): 21	2019	Austral ia	Undergrad uate	Simulati on-based	Three days	SCOPE (Simulated Client Interprofessional Education) program improves students' communication skills and awareness of the importance of interprofessional collaboration
4 2	Integrating public health students into interprofessional education From: Averill MM et al. Integrating public health students into interprofessional	2019	USA	Postgradu ate	Classroo m-based, group discussio	2x80 minutes	MPH students showed interest in IPE after participating in the ALS (Interprofessional Active learning Series) and improved

	education. Journal of Interprofessional Care. 2020; 34(3): 427-430				n		interprofessional competence and response to disaster preparedness.
4 3	A structured approach to intentional interprofessional experiential education at a non-academic community hospital From: Nwaesei AS, et.al. A structured approach to intentional interprofessional experiential education at a non-academic community hospital. American Journal of Pharmaceutical Education. 2019	2019	Americ a	Undergrad uate, clinic	Daily round	Eight months	A multimodal structured approach has a positive effect on students' perceptions of IPE
4 4	IPE-COM: a pilot study on interprofessional learning design for medical and midwifery students Randi ABT et al. IPE-COM: a pilot study on interprofessional learning design for medical and midwifery students. Journal of Multidisciplinary Healthcare. 2019; 12:767-775	2019	Asia	Undergrad uate	Commun ity-based	One month	The implementation of community-based IPE has proven to increase collaborative competencies, especially teamwork and collaboration.
4 5	Innovations in medical education: a mixed- methods evaluation of medical residents' attitude toward interprofessional learning and stereotypes following sonography student-led point-of-care ultrasound training	2019	Americ a	Undergrad uate	Worksho p, simulatio n training	One day	IPE POCUS (Point Of Care Ultrasound) training can improve residents' perception of IPE, respect for sonographers, and future IPCP motivation

From: Smith CJ, et al. Innovations in medical education: a mixed-methods evaluation of medical residents' attitude toward interprofessional learning and stereotypes following sonography student-led point-of-care ultrasound training.

JGIM. 2019; 35(10): 3081-6

4 6	Integrating a large-scale interprofessional student program to address patients with complex needs From: Gibbons G et al. Integrating a large-scale interprofessional student program to address patients with complex needs.  Journal of Interprofessional Education and Practice. 2019; 16.	2019	Americ	Undergrad	Worksho p, case- based discussio n, workplac e	Six months	Participants of the Interprofessional Student Hotspotting Learning Collaborative (SLC) program gain experience working in interprofessional teams in dealing with patients with complex conditions, identifying social determinants that affect health, providing recommendations to improve health conditions, and evaluating the financial and personal impact of being patient-centered interventions.
4 7	Effectiveness of an interprofessional education program using team-based learning for medical students: a randomized controlled trial From: Hamada S et al. Effectiveness of an interprofessional education program using	2019	Asia	Undergrad uate	Team- based learning	½ day	Multiprofessional group learning can increase students' readiness for types that use a team-based learning approach.

team-based learning for medical students: a randomized controlled trial. Journal of General and Family Medicine. 2019.

4 8	Effectiveness of simulation-based interprofessional education for the medical and nursing student in South Korea: a prepost survey  From: Yu J et al. effectiveness of simulation-based interprofessional education for the medical and nursing student in South Korea: a pre-post survey.  BMC Medical Education. 2020;20: 476	2020	Asia	undergrad uate	simulatio n	Three days	IPE simulation is proven to increase students' awareness of IPE learning and self-competence of IPE
4 9	Facilitating interprofessional education in a daring environment during the COVID-19 pandemic: a mixed-method study From: Singh J and Mattheess. Facilitating interprofessional education in a daring environment during the COVID-19 pandemic: a mixed-method study. Health care. 2021	2021	USA	Undergrad uate	Didactic, case- based discussio n		IPE learning increases students' awareness of other professions' roles and responsibilities, improve communication and collaboration skills, and can improve services for COVID-19 patients.
5 0	Students' perception of a hybrid interprofessional education course in a clinical diabetes setting: a qualitative study From: Suematsu M, et al. Students' perception of a hybrid interprofessional	2021	Asia	Undergrad uate	Worksho p, daring, workplac e-based	One month	The training increases students' perception of recognition of the patient's perspective, discharge roles, and the functions and roles of the profession itself.

education course in a clinical diabetes setting: a qualitative study. International Journal of Medical Education.

Building better patient outcomes through

2021;12:195-204

2021

interprofessional collaboration: a standardized patient experience with pharmacy, nursing, and physician assistant students
 From: Slater N, et.al. Building better patient outcomes through interprofessional collaboration: a standardized patient experience with pharmacy, nursing, and physician assistant students. Journal of Interprofessional Education and Practice.

2021 Americ Undergrad Simulati a uate on, hospital setting

Participants demonstrate improvements in communication, collaboration, and understanding of the roles of other professions.